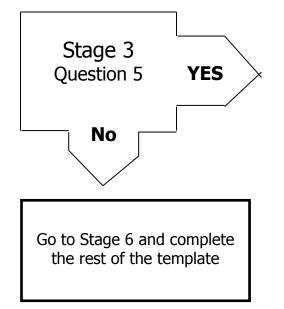
Equality Impact Assessment Template

The Council has revised and simplified its Equality Impact Assessment process (EqIA). There is now just one Template. Lead Officers will need to complete **Stages 1-3** to determine whether a full EqIA is required and the need to complete the whole template.

Complete Stages 1-3 for all project proposals, new policy, policy review, service review, deletion of service, restructure etc



Continue with Stage 4 and complete the whole template for a full EqIA

- In order to complete this assessment, it is important that you have read the Corporate Guidelines on EqIAs and preferably completed the EqIA E-learning Module.
- You are also encouraged to refer to the EqIA Template with Guidance Notes to assist you in completing this template.
- SIGN OFF: All EqIAs need to be signed off by your Directorate Equality Task Groups.
- Legal will NOT accept any report without a fully completed, Quality Assured and signed off EqIA.
- The EqIA Guidance, Template and sign off process is available on the Hub under Equality and Diversity

| Equality | Impact Assessment (EqIA) Template | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Type of Decision: Tick ✓ | X Cabinet Portfolio Holder Other (explain) | | | | | |
| Date decision to be taken: | February 2017 | | | | | |
| Value of savings to be made (if applicable): | £50,000 Ref COM S09 | | | | | |
| Title of Project: | Housing Supporting People contracts- Savings Proposals 2016/17 to 2018/19 | | | | | |
| Directorate / Service responsible: | Community / Housing | | | | | |
| Name and job title of Lead Officer: | Jane Fernley, Head of Business Development and Transformation, Jane.Fernley@harrow.gov.uk | | | | | |
| Name & contact details of the other persons involved | Meghan Zinkewich-Peotti, Housing Strategy Project Manager, Meghan.Zinkewich-Peotti@harrow.gov.uk Sandie Roberts, Safeguarding Assurance and Quality Services (SAQS) Contracts Manager, | | | | | |
| in the assessment: | People Directorate | | | | | |
| | Sandie.Roberts@harrow.gov.uk | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Date of assessment (including review dates): | Original assessment based on various options 29/11/2016, reviewed 25 Jan 17 to reflect final proposals | | | | | |
| Stage 1: Overview | | | | | | |
| | The proposal is to achieve service efficiencies across the Housing Supporting People contracts in order to achieve budget savings in 2017/18 of £50k through efficiencies and with minimal impact on services. It is believed this can be achieved via the changes set out in items B and D below. | | | | | |
| 1. What are you trying to do? | Housing Supporting People (SP) services provide essential, preventative support to | | | | | |
| (Explain your proposals here e.g. introduction of a new service or policy, policy review, changing criteria, reduction / removal of service, restructure, deletion | approximately 400 vulnerable people living in the community. This support enables these people to live independently in their homes (whether social housing tenancies or the wider community) and also to be resettled into independent housing where appropriate. | | | | | |
| of posts etc) | The 2016/7 budget for housing SP services is £610k and this provides support to approx. 200 individuals in generic / specialist contracts and 200 older people living in 18 HRA sheltered housing schemes. The services are monitored by the Council's Safeguarding, Assurance and Quality Services team and monitoring in 2015 showed they were well used and there was a good level of exit/ resettlement at the end of the support period. 2016 reviews have taken | | | | | |

place and have influenced the proposals being made in relation to the sheltered housing service – see D below.

The services are provided under a range of contracts, the majority of which were procured under a West London Framework agreement.

In detail the services are:

- A. Generic floating support to individuals living in independent housing across the borough currently 100 service users are supported. Floating support typically involves having a worker visit the individual periodically to offer housing-related support/ guidance/ advice on matters such as budgeting, making benefit claims, dealing with tenancy/ housing matters, neighbour disputes, referrals to voluntary agencies, reminders to follow up appointments etc. The individuals might have a physical or learning disability or mental illness. The provider offered savings in 2015 following a service review and no further variations are proposed in 17/8.
- B. Floating support to 40 people and in a 6 bed hostel for people with substance misuse issues plus resettlement support to 20 people including ex-offenders and people leaving detox or hospital. The provider has offered a saving of £15k in 2017/8 via a restructuring of the staff providing the service and combining it with their main generic floating support service, described above in A. It is believed that this saving can be achieved with minimal impact on service users and that service outcomes will be maintained; this saving will proceed from 1 April 2017.
- C. Housing support to armed forces homeless hostel (12 units of accommodation) to which we get nomination rights for up to 7 Harrow homeless households. This SP contract is subject to a national armed forces covenant (arising at the time the scheme was developed). No variation is proposed to this service in 17/8.
- D. Support to older people living in council (HRA) sheltered housing schemes 8 support co-ordinators support 216 residents. These services cannot be funded by the HRA. The support coordinators are employed by the Council on fixed term contracts. There is a saving of £60k in the MTFS for 2017/8 being achieved via a reduction of two staff which has been achieved without a reduction in service capacity. In addition a review of the service by the SAQS team has identified the scope for a further £35k saving by deleting an assessment which is no longer considered necessary (and which is not carried out

| | by other similar providers). There will be no impact on the users who need the service and service outcomes will be maintained; this reduction will proceed in 2017/8. | | | | | |
|--|--|----------|--|------|----------------------------|---|
| | | ed h | settlement support to indi ostel) – this is part of a co propose a variation in fu | orpo | rate contract due to end | |
| | Residents / Service Users | ✓ | Partners | ✓ | Stakeholders | ✓ |
| | Staff | ✓ | Age | ✓ | Disability | ✓ |
| 2. Who are the main groups / Protected Characteristics that may be affected by your proposals? (✓ all that apply) | Gender Reassignment | ~ | Marriage and Civil Partnership | ~ | Pregnancy and Maternity | ✓ |
| | Race | ✓ | Religion or Belief | ✓ | Sex | ✓ |
| | Sexual Orientation | √ | Other | | | • |

- **3.** Is the responsibility shared with another directorate, authority or organisation? If so:
- Who are the partners?
- Who has the overall responsibility?
- How have they been involved in the assessment?

Housing department have overall responsibility for these contracts. Other partners/ stakeholders are:

- The People and Community directorates
- The providers of the services (Look Ahead, SSAFA and Hestia, Housing sheltered team).
- The Safeguarding Assurance and Quality Services (SAQS) team currently monitor the majority of contracts.
- The Resources Directorate manage the DV contract.
- The Probation Service refers people into some of the contracts.

All have been consulted on the scope for savings and contract efficiencies and all are content with the proposals being made.

Stage 2: Evidence & Data Analysis

4. What evidence is available to assess the potential impact of your proposals? This can include census data, borough profile, profile of service users, workforce profiles, results from consultations and the involvement tracker, customer satisfaction surveys, focus groups, research interviews, staff surveys, press reports, letters from residents and complaints etc. Where possible include data on the nine Protected Characteristics.

(Where you have gaps (data is not available/being collated for any Protected Characteristic), you should include this as an action to address in your Improvement Action Plan at Stage 6)

| Protected Characteristic | Evidence | | | Analysis & Impact |
|--|--|--|--|---|
| | Profile of Harrow reside Harrow's population at 2 aged four and under, 13 were of working age (16 65 and over. 18% of Harcomprised solely of residence of Harrow Councer in the Profile of Harrow Cou | 011: 6.7% of resid .5% were aged 5 to to 64) and 14.1% row's households ents aged 65 and | o 15, 65.7% were aged are over. | Most of Harrow Council's Sheltered Housing tenants are aged over 65, with some 55+, as we would expect. |
| Age (including carers of young/older people) | Age 0-15 16-24 25-34 35-44 45-54 55-64 65+ Unknown | Number of tenants 0 89 448 890 1,444 1,137 1,846 | % 0 1.5 7.6 15.2 24.7 19.4 31.5 | The majority of service users of the Substance Misuse and Offenders floating support service are aged 20-54. As explained in Stage 1 proposals B and D should not result in a reduction in service in either case. We expect the current service outcomes to be maintained and, on this basis, we do not envisage there will be a disproportionate, adverse impact on this protected characteristic. |
| | Profile of all Harrow Council Sheltered tenants at Sept 2015: Age Number of tenants 0-15 0 16 -24 0 25 - 34 1 | Number of tenants | | |

| | 35 -44 | | | |
|---|---------------------------|----------------------|---------------|--|
| | 45-54 | 4 | | |
| | 55-64 | 52 | | |
| | 65+ | 568 | | |
| | Total | 628 | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Profile of Substance Mi | suse and Offend | ers service | |
| | users- floating support | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Age | Number | | |
| | 16 | 0 | | |
| | 17 | 0 | | |
| | 18-19 | 1 | | |
| | 20-29 | 20 | | |
| | 30-39 | 21 | | |
| | 40-54 | 25 | | |
| | 55-64 | 13 | | |
| | 65+ | 3 | | |
| | Refused | 0 | | |
| | Profile of Harrow reside | ents: | | |
| | | | | |
| | In 2011 14.6% of Harrow | v residents identifi | ed themselves | |
| | as having a limiting long | term illness. | | |
| | | | | |
| Profile of Harrow | | cil Housing tenar | nts at 11 | |
| Disability (including carers November 2014: | | | | |
| of disabled people) | | | | |
| | | mber of tenants | % | |
| | Yes 964 | | 16.2 | |
| | No 1,4 | 84 | 24.9 | |
| | Prefer not to say 29 | | 0.5 | |
| | Unknown 3,4 | | 58.4 | |
| | Total 594 | l8 | 100.0 | |

| | Profile of Harrow Council Sheltered Housing tenants at Sept 2015: Disability Number of tenants Yes 87 (14%) No 58 (9%) Prefer not to say 7 (1%) Unknown 476 (76%) Total 628 | There is currently limited data on this protected characteristic for sheltered housing and substance misuse / offender Support Service users. As explained in Stage 1 proposals B and D should not result in a reduction in service in either case. We expect the current service outcomes to be maintained and, on this basis, we do not envisage there will be a disproportionate, adverse impact on this protected characteristic. |
|------------------------------|--|--|
| | Profile of Substance Misuse and Offenders service users- accommodation based and floating support There is limited data held about this protected characteristic for this group. | |
| Gender Reassignment | There is limited data held about this protected characteristic for the population and in relation to these groups and services. | Difficult to assess impact due to limited data. However, as explained in Stage 1, proposals B and D should not result in a reduction in service in either case. We expect the current service outcomes to be maintained and, on this basis, we do not envisage there will be a disproportionate, adverse impact on this protected characteristic. |
| Marriage / Civil Partnership | 53.7% of Harrow residents (over 16 years) are married but there is limited data held about civil partnership. There is limited data about this protected characteristic in relation to most of these groups and services. Profile of Harrow Council tenants at 3/11/2015: | Difficult to assess impact due to limited data. However, as explained in Stage 1, proposals B and D should not result in a reduction in service in either case. We expect the current service outcomes to be maintained and, on this basis, we do not envisage there will be a disproportionate, adverse impact on this protected characteristic. |

| | Marital status | Number of tenants | | | |
|-------------------------|--|---|---|---------------------------|--|
| | Single | 1,710 | 29.2 | | |
| | Married | 1,249 | 21.3 | | |
| | Civil partnership | 56 | 1 | | |
| | Unknown status | 2,840 | 48.5 | | |
| | Total | 5,855 | | | |
| Pregnancy and Maternity | There is limited data he characteristic for the pogroups and services. He 3,600 births per year in 2020). | pulation and in relatowever there are app | ion to t proxima | tely | Difficult to assess impact due to limited data. However, as explained in Stage 1, proposals B and D should not result in a reduction in service in either case. We expect the current service outcomes to be maintained and, on this basis, we do not envisage there will be a disproportionate, adverse impact on this protected characteristic. |
| Race | Profile of Harrow resident Population as resident population is A White/Asian (1.4%) Ind Bangladeshi (0.6%) Ch (11.3%) (mainly Sri Lar 42.2% of Harrow's usus sub-categorised as Brit Gypsy/Irish Traveller (0 other parts of Europe, v Eastern Europe, particularly (23,105) of Harro Black, sub-categorised White/Black African (0. Caribbean (2.8%) Other | at 2011: 44% of Harsian, sub-categorise an (26.4%) Pakistar inese (1.1%) Other Askan and Tamil). al resident population ish (30.9%) Irish (3.1%) Other (8.2%) (revith a large proportion alarly Romania and Fas White/Black Caril 4%) Black African (3 | d as hi (3.3% Asian his Whi %) hainly f n from Poland). hopulatio | te, rom n is 1%) | |

4.1% of residents were included in the Arab and Other grouping.

<u>Profile of Harrow Council Housing tenants</u> at 11 Nov 2014:

| Race/Ethnicity | Number | % |
|---------------------------------|--------|-------|
| Asian/Asian British/Other Asian | 1037 | 23.1 |
| Black/Black British/Other Black | 81 | 1.8 |
| Other Ethnic Group | 175 | 3.9 |
| Mixed | 149 | 3.3 |
| White/Other White | 2448 | 54.5 |
| Prefer not to say | 600 | 13.4 |
| Total | 4490 | 100.0 |

<u>Profile of Harrow Council Sheltered Housing tenants</u> <u>at Sept 2015</u>:

| Race/Ethnicity | Number |
|---------------------------------|--------|
| Asian/Asian British/Other Asian | 237 |
| Black/Black British/Other Black | 67 |
| Other Ethnic Group | 31 |
| Mixed | 13 |
| White/Other White | 179 |
| Prefer not to say/not disclosed | 101 |
| Total | 628 |

Profile of **Substance Misuse and Offenders** service users- floating support

| Ethnicity | Number |
|-----------|--------|
| White | 44 |

Most of Harrow Council's Sheltered Housing tenants who have disclosed their ethnicity are Asian, followed by White.

Most of the substance misuse/ offender service users who have disclosed their ethnicity are white; albeit that data is limited.

However, as explained in Stage 1, proposals B and D should not result in a reduction in service in either case.

We expect the current service outcomes to be maintained and, on this basis, we do not envisage there will be a disproportionate, adverse impact on this protected characteristic.

| | Mixed | 5 | |
|--------------------|--|----------------------------------|--|
| | Asian or Asian British | 8 | |
| | Black or Black British | 15 | |
| | Chinese or other ethnic group | 4 | |
| | Refused | 77 | |
| | Total | 153 | |
| H id a fo | Profile of Harrow residents: Harrow's population as at 2011: 37.3 dentify as Christian, 25.3% as Hindu and 4.4% as Jewish. 4.8% of Harrow followers of all other religions (such a Buddhists). 9.6% have no religion. | ı, 12.5% as N v's residents a | |
| | Profile of Harrow Council Housing tenants at 11 November 2014: | | |

Religion and Belief

| Religion or Belief | Number |
|--------------------|--------|
| Agnostic | 231 |
| Baha'I | 0 |
| Buddhism | 0 |
| Christianity | 76 |
| Hinduism | 112 |
| Humanist | 0 |
| Islam | 408 |
| Jainism | 16 |
| Judaism | 20 |
| Rastafarian | 0 |
| Sikhism | 7 |
| Zoroastrian | 0 |
| No religion | 0 |
| Other Religion | 46 |
| Prefer not to say | 129 |

There is limited data on this protected characteristic relating to the specific contracts affected.

However, as explained in Stage 1, proposals B and D should not result in a reduction in service in either case.

We expect the current service outcomes to be maintained and, on this basis, we do not envisage there will be a disproportionate, adverse impact on this protected characteristic.

| | Blank | 4874 | | |
|--------------|---|-------------------|-------------|--|
| | Total | 5688 | | |
| | | | | |
| | Profile of Harrow Council Sheltered Housing tenants: | | | |
| | | | | |
| | There is limited data held about this protected | | | |
| | characteristic at present for the | nis group. | | |
| | Duefile of Cubetones Misses | ond Offender | | |
| | Profile of Substance Misuse users- accommodation based | | | |
| | users- accommodation bases | and noaling st | ιρροιτ | |
| | There is limited data held about | out this protecte | d | |
| | characteristic for this group. | • | | |
| | | | | |
| | <u>Profile of Harrow residents</u> : | | | |
| | 50.6% of Harrow residents a | ro fomalo and 4 | 0.4% ara | |
| | male (2011 Census). | e lemale and 4 | 9.4 /0 ale | More than half of Harrow Council's Sheltered Housing tenants |
| | maie (2011 Gerious). | | | are female. |
| | Profile of Harrow Council tenants at 3/11/2015: | | | |
| | | | | The majority of the users of the substance misuse/ offender |
| | | | | service are male. |
| | Gender Nu | mber of tenants | | However, as explained in Stage 1, proposals B and D should |
| | Male | 2,135 | 36.5 | not result in a reduction in service in either case. |
| Sex / Gender | Female | 3,717 | 63.5 | The result in a readeller in convice in state case. |
| | None | 3 | 0 | We expect the current service outcomes to be maintained and, |
| | Total | 5,855 | | on this basis, we do not envisage there will be a |
| | 1 Otta | 0,000 | | disproportionate, adverse impact on this protected |
| | | | | characteristic. |
| | Profile of Harrow Sheltered | d Council Hous | <u>sing</u> | |
| | tenants as of Sept 2015: | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Corr (Corredon) | | | |
| | Sex (Gender) N | umber of tena | INTS | |

| | Female | 366 (58%) | | |
|--------------------|--|--|---------------------------------------|---|
| | Male | 262 (42%) | | |
| | Total | 628 | | |
| | Profile of Substance Musers- floating support | isuse and Offender | s service | |
| | Sex (Gender) | Number of service users | ce | |
| | Female | 20 | | |
| | Male | 61 | | |
| | Unknown | 0 | | |
| | | | | |
| | Total Profile of Harrow resid There is limited data he | Id about this protecte | ed | |
| | Profile of Harrow resident There is limited data he characteristic for the positive of Harrow Countries of | ents: Id about this protecte pulation. cil tenants at 3/11/2 | | |
| | Profile of Harrow resident There is limited data he characteristic for the positive of Harrow Country Sexual orientation | ents: Id about this protected pulation. Icil tenants at 3/11/2 Number of tenants | 2015: | |
| Sexual Orientation | Profile of Harrow resident There is limited data he characteristic for the positive of Harrow Count Sexual orientation Heterosexual | ents: Id about this protected pulation. Icil tenants at 3/11/2 Number of tenants 2,148 | 2015: | Difficult to assess impact due to limited data. |
| Sexual Orientation | Profile of Harrow resident There is limited data he characteristic for the positive of Harrow Count Sexual orientation Heterosexual Bisexual | ents: Id about this protected pulation. Icil tenants at 3/11/2 Number of tenants 2,148 26 | 36.7 | Difficult to assess impact due to limited data. |
| Sexual Orientation | Profile of Harrow resident There is limited data he characteristic for the positive of Harrow Count Sexual orientation Heterosexual Bisexual Gay man | ents: Id about this protected pulation. cil tenants at 3/11/2 Number of tenants 2,148 26 9 | 2015: 36.7 0.4 0.1 | Difficult to assess impact due to limited data. |
| Sexual Orientation | Profile of Harrow resident There is limited data he characteristic for the positive of Harrow Count Sexual orientation Heterosexual Bisexual Gay man Gay woman | ents: Id about this protected pulation. Icil tenants at 3/11/2 Number of tenants 2,148 26 9 4 | 36.7 0.4 0.1 | Difficult to assess impact due to limited data. |
| Sexual Orientation | Profile of Harrow resident There is limited data he characteristic for the positive of Harrow Count Sexual orientation Heterosexual Bisexual Gay man Gay woman Other | ents: Id about this protected pulation. cil tenants at 3/11/2 Number of tenants 2,148 26 9 4 2 | 36.7 0.4 0.1 0.1 | Difficult to assess impact due to limited data. |
| Sexual Orientation | Profile of Harrow resident There is limited data he characteristic for the positive of Harrow County Sexual orientation Heterosexual Bisexual Gay man Gay woman Other Prefer not to say | ents: Id about this protected pulation. Icil tenants at 3/11/2 Number of tenants 2,148 26 9 4 2 320 | 36.7 0.4 0.1 0.1 0 5.5 | Difficult to assess impact due to limited data. |
| Sexual Orientation | Profile of Harrow resident There is limited data he characteristic for the positive of Harrow Count Sexual orientation Heterosexual Bisexual Gay man Gay woman Other | ents: Id about this protected pulation. cil tenants at 3/11/2 Number of tenants 2,148 26 9 4 2 | 36.7 0.4 0.1 0.1 | Difficult to assess impact due to limited data. |

Profile of Harrow Sheltered Council Housing tenants:

There is limited data held about this protected characteristic for this group.

Profile of **Substance Misuse and Offenders** service users- accommodation based and floating support

There is limited data held about this protected characteristic for this group.

Stage 3: Assessing Potential Disproportionate Impact

5. Based on the evidence you have considered so far, is there a risk that your proposals could potentially have a disproportionate adverse impact on any of the Protected Characteristics?

| | Age (including carers) | Disability (including carers) | Gender Reassignment | Marriage and Civil Partnership | Pregnancy and Maternity | Race | Religion and Belief | Sex | Sexual Orientation |
|-----|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|------|------------------------|-----|-----------------------|
| Yes | | | | | | | | | |
| No | √ | √√ | $\bigvee\bigvee\bigvee$ | √√ √ | V | | | ₩₩₩ | √√ √√ √ √ |

YES - If there is a risk of disproportionate adverse Impact on any ONE of the Protected Characteristics, complete a FULL EqIA.

- **Best Practice:** You may want to consider setting up a Working Group (including colleagues, partners, stakeholders, voluntary community sector organisations, service users and Unions) to develop the rest of the EqIA
- It will be useful to also collate further evidence (additional data, consultation with the relevant communities, stakeholder groups and service users directly affected by your proposals) to further assess the potential disproportionate impact identified and how this can be mitigated.
- NO If you have ticked 'No' to all of the above, then go to **Stage 6**
- Although the assessment may not have identified potential disproportionate impact, you may have identified actions which can be taken to
 advance equality of opportunity to make your proposals more inclusive. These actions should form your Improvement Action Plan at Stage 6

Stage 4: Further Consultation / Additional Evidence

6. What further consultation have you undertaken on your proposals as a result of your analysis at Stage 3?

| Who was consulted? What consultation methods were used? | What do the results show about the impact on different groups / Protected Characteristics? | What actions have you taken to address the findings of the consultation? E.g. revising your proposals |
|---|--|---|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

Stage 5: Assessing Impact

7. What does your evidence tell you about the impact on the different Protected Characteristics? Consider whether the evidence shows potential for differential impact, if so state whether this is a positive or an adverse impact? If adverse, is it a minor or major impact?

| Protected | Positive Impact | Adverse Impact | | Explain what this impact is, how likely it is to happen and the extent of impact if it was to occur. | What measures can you take to mitigate the impact or advance equality of opportunity? E.g. further consultation, research, implement equality | |
|---|-----------------|----------------|-------------------|---|---|--|
| Characteristic | | Minor | Major √ | Note – Positive impact can also be used to demonstrate how your proposals meet the aims of the PSED Stage 7 | monitoring etc (Also Include these in the Improvement Action Plan at Stage 6) | |
| Age (including carers of young/older people) | | | | | | |
| Disability (including carers of disabled people) | | | | | | |
| Gender Reassignment | | | | | | |
| Marriage and Civil Partnership | | | | | | |

| Pregnancy and Maternity | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------------|-----|----|--|
| Race | | | | | | | |
| Religion or Belief | | | | | | | |
| Sex | | | | | | | |
| Sexual orientation | | | | | | | |
| | | | | is happening within the | Yes | No | |
| impact on a partic | cular Prote | cted Charac | cteristic? | Fected and what is the | | | |
| potential impact? | ecteu Chai | acteristics | could be al | rected and what is the | | | |
| 9. Any Other Im | - | _ | | happening within the | Yes | No | |
| Council and Harrow as a whole (for example national/local policy, austerity, welfare reform, unemployment levels, community tensions, levels of crime) could your proposals have an impact on individuals/service users socio economic, health or an impact on community cohesion? | | | | | | | |
| If yes, what is the | potential | impact and | how likely | is it to happen? | | | |
| Stage 6 – Impr | ovement | Action Pla | an | | | | |

List below any actions you plan to take as a result of this Impact Assessment. These should include:

- Proposals to mitigate any adverse impact identified
- Positive action to advance equality of opportunity
- Monitoring the impact of the proposals/changes once they have been implemented
- Any monitoring measures which need to be introduced to ensure effective monitoring of your proposals? How often will you do this?

| Area of potential adverse impact e.g. Race, Disability | Proposal to mitigate adverse impact | How will you know this has been achieved? E.g. Performance Measure / Target | Lead Officer/Team | Target Date |
|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|-------------|
| All | We will monitor the service to check for any impact and endeavour to fill gaps in equalities data that have been identified | Annual data reports | Housing/ Meghan Zinkewich-Peotti | April 2018 |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

Stage 7: Public Sector Equality Duty

10. How do your proposals meet the Public Sector Equality Duty (PSED) to:

- 1. Eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation and other conduct prohibited by the Equality Act 2010
- 2. Advance equality of opportunity between people from different groups
- 3. Foster good relations between people from different groups

Data improvements will help improve equalities monitoring

Stage 8: Recommendation

11. Which of the following statements best describes the outcome of your EqIA (✓ tick one box only)

Outcome 1 — No change required: the EqIA has not identified any potential for unlawful conduct or disproportionate impact and all opportunities to advance equality of opportunity are being addressed.



| Outcome 2 – Minor Impact: Minor adjustments to remove / mitigate adverse impact or advance equality of opportunity have been | | |
|---|--|--|
| identified by the EqIA and these are included in the Action Plan to be addressed. | | |
| Outcome 3 – Major Impact: Continue with proposals despite having identified potential for adverse impact or missed opportunities | | |
| to advance equality of opportunity. In this case, the justification needs to be included in the EqIA and should be in line with the | | |
| PSED to have 'due regard'. In some cases, compelling reasons will be needed. You should also consider whether there are sufficient | | |
| plans to reduce the adverse impact and/or plans to monitor the impact. (Explain this in Q12 below) | | |
| 12. If your EqIA is assessed as outcome 3 explain your | | |
| , , , | | |
| justification with full reasoning to continue with your | | |
| proposals. | | |

| Stage 9 - Organisational sign Off 13. Which group or committee considered, reviewed and agreed the EqIA and the Improvement Action Plan? | | | |
|---|--------------|--|--|
| Signed: (Lead officer completing EqIA) | Jane Fenley. | Signed: (Chair of DETG) | |
| Date: | 30/01/2017 | Date: | |
| Date EqIA presented at Cabinet Briefing (if required) | | Signature of DETG Chair (following Cabinet Briefing if relevant) | |